



POST-SURGICAL INSTRUCTIONS GYNECOMASTIA-MALE MASTOPEXY REDUCTION

1. If you have excessive drainage, swelling, bleeding or pain, call our office at 703-962-2520. After office hours, you may reach Dr. Chopra on his cell phone at 571-236-1977.
2. **Do not smoke or be exposed to second hand smoke for two weeks before and after surgery.** Smoking reduces capillary flow in your skin causing necrosis, or death, of tissues and permanent visible scarring.
3. Do not drink alcohol one week before and after surgery because it dilates the blood vessels and could increase postoperative bleeding. Do not drink alcohol until you have stopped taking the prescription pain pills as the combination can be dangerous.
4. DO NOT TAKE ASPIRIN, IBUPROFEN (MOTRIN, ALEVE), FISH OIL, VITAMIN E, GINGKO BILOBA or ST. JOHN'S WART for at least two weeks before and after the operation.
5. No flying or prolonged travel (over 1 hour of travel time regardless of method of transportation) for at least two to four weeks before and after the procedure.
6. You need to eat a high protein diet, 80-100g a day for your body to heal well and quickly. Protein shakes may be necessary to fulfill this requirement.
7. **Medications:**
 - Pain:
 - For discomfort, take pain medication as directed.
 - If you are no longer taking the narcotic, two Tylenol (Acetaminophen) 500mg tablets every 3-4 tablets help most discomfort. Take no more than 8 tablets per day.
 - Narcotic pain medication is constipating; therefore, take Colace or fiber supplements such as Metamucil or Senekot regularly. If you are prone to constipation you may want to increase your regular dose to prevent constipation from occurring.
 - Note: narcotic pain medication can only be given as a written prescription. It is therefore important to be mindful of the possible need to have someone available to pick up refills from the office.
 - Call the office at (703) 962-2520 if you have severe pain that is not responding to pain medication.
 - Nausea:
 - Take pain meds with food to prevent nausea. A couple of crackers aren't enough.
 - Take medication 30 minutes prior to the narcotic to prevent nausea from occurring every 4-6 hours.
 - Antibiotic:
 - Take antibiotics until prescription is finished to avoid infections.
 - Anti-anxiety:
 - Mainly used prior to surgery.

8. **Daily activities:**

- One week off of work is required with 2 weeks of being preferred. There are some exceptions. Working from home: Do not do meaningful work or make important decisions when on narcotic medication.
- For your safety we require that an adult stay with you at least the first 24 hours and drive you to your next day follow up visit. Transportation via taxi is not permitted.
- Mobilize throughout the day; no permanent bed rest. We advise to walk around 3-5 times per day in addition to mobilizing for meals and to the bathroom.
- You may shower 48 hours after the procedure using lukewarm water. Wash the surgical site with soap and water then gently pat the incisions sites dry. No baths or prolonged showers of over 5-10 minutes.
- During the first three weeks, sleep with head elevated and on your back (do not sleep on your side). This reduces the risk of bleeding and decreases swelling.
- Regular exercise and lifting objects heavier than 10lbs is restricted for 4-6 weeks.
- You may drive when driving does not cause pain and you are completely off all narcotic pain medication; not prior to 7 days.

9. **What to expect:**

- If undergoing general anesthesia, you may experience a sore throat. This is not uncommon and should resolve in a few days. You may use throat lozenges to help with the discomfort.
- Typically, absorbable sutures are placed around the areolar region. Those that are not absorbable are removed approximately on the 7th day following surgery.
- During the healing process, you will experience different sensations including discomfort, sharp shooting pains, stinging, itching and localized burning.
- You should anticipate variable degree of numbness in the areas treated after the procedure.
- 50% of swelling resolves around 4 weeks, 85% resolves at 4 months, and the balance of the swelling could take from 6-9 months to fully resolve. During this process, some areas may also feel lumpy/bumpy. This is likely residual swelling from the procedure. The tissues will eventually soften and feel more natural as time progresses.
- Bruising of the treated area must be expected in variable degree. Bruising is usually present for 2-3 weeks, but it seldom lasts 6-8 weeks.
- Scars take on average 12-18 months to fully mature. During this period, staff will advise an appropriate time to start scar management.
- Everyone heals at a different pace. Be patient with your body during the recovery process.

10. **Garments and dressings:**

- Do not remove any bandages or dressings unless told explicitly to do so.
- If any drains are placed, we will remove them at a time deemed appropriate. Until then, you will wear a binder or garment from our offices for you to wear while the drains are in place.
- Please purchase a compressive garment (Lycra, stretchy type) that is one to two sizes larger than your current measurement. This is to accommodate the anticipated swelling related to surgery. **YOU NEED PURCHASE THE GARMENT BEFORE THE SURGERY DATE.** These can be purchased online from: www.lipoinabox.com, www.designveronique.com, www.marenagroup.com, www.contourmd.com, www.medicointernational.com, www.morrisdesigns.com or makemeheal.com.
- Your physician will determine the amount of time the garment should be worn.

Please understand the physician may adjust the above instructions based on your progress and needs

Your garment should appear similar to the image below:



This can be found on amazon at the link below:

[Amazon.com: Underworks Mens Extreme Gynecomastia Pre-Surgical Post-Surgical Chest Binder Vest - Stage 1 Lipo Vest 980: Clothing](#)

Or online here:

[Short Sleeve Compression Vest \(marena.com\)](#)